## Claims

- 1. Method for controlling an internal combustion engine having a camshaft (36) whose phase can be adjusted with respect to a crankshaft (21) by means of a setting mechanism (37), having a crankshaft sensor (22) which senses the crankshaft angle (CRK) and having a camshaft sensor (36a) which senses the camshaft angle
- a reference value (PH\_AD) for the phase is adapted in a predefined
  position of the setting mechanism (37) when a predefined condition is satisfied,

(CAM), comprising the following steps:

- a measurement value (PH\_S) for the phase is determined depending on the sensed crankshaft angle (CRK) and camshaft angle (CAM),
- a corrected measurement value (PH\_AKT) for the phase is determined depending on the reference value (PH\_INI) and the measurement value (PH\_S) for the phase,
  - a control signal (SG) for controlling the internal combustion engine is determined depending on the corrected measurement value (PH\_COR).

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- 2. Method according to Claim 2, characterized in that the predefined condition is satisfied when a motor vehicle in which the internal combustion engine can be located has traveled a predefined journey distance (DIST) since the last adaptation and predefined ambient conditions are present.
- 3. Method according to Claim 2, characterized in that the ambient conditions are present when the temperature of the internal combustion engine lies within a predefined range.

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- 4. Method according to one of the preceding Claims, characterized in that the adaptation takes place near to the time when the internal combustion engine starts up.
- 5. Method according to one of the preceding Claims, characterized in that the adaptation takes place depending on a variable which is characteristic of the load on the internal combustion engine.

- 6. Method according to Claim 5, characterized in that the variable which is characteristic of the load on the internal combustion engine is the journey distance (DIST).
- 5 7. Method according to one of Claims 5 or 6, characterized in that the variable which is characteristic of the load on the internal combustion engine is a variable which is characteristic of the full-load accelerations.
- 10 8. Method according to one of Claims 5 to 7, characterized in that the variable which is characteristic of loads on the internal combustion engine is a variable which is characteristic of the uneven running state.
- 9. Method according to one of Claims 5 to 8, characterized in that the variable which is characteristic of the load on the internal combustion engine is the period of operation (LT) of the internal combustion engine.
- 10. Method according to one of the preceding Claims, characterized in that diagnostics are performed on the internal combustion engine depending on the adapted reference value (PH\_AD) or a value defining the adaptation.